DAKOTA ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors
Dakota Electric Association
Farmington, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dakota Electric Association, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dakota Electric Association as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Dakota Electric Association and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Dakota Electric Association's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Dakota Electric Association's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Dakota Electric Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Sioux Falls, South Dakota

Esde Saelly LLP

March 10, 2025

DAKOTA ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

		2024		2023
		(in thou	ısands	s)
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	538	\$	143
Accounts Receivable, Less Allowance for				
Credit Losses (2024 - \$1,000; 2023 - \$1,100)		39,630		33,526
Conservation Cost Under-Recovery		432		220
Inventories, Materials and Supplies		13,541		15,890
Prepayments and Interest Receivable		1,069		693
Total Current Assets		55,210		50,472
INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATED				
COMPANIES AND OTHER INVESTMENTS		140,746		138,449
UTILITY PLANT				
Distribution System		345,443		329,784
General Plant		39,403		35,920
Construction Work in Process		6,122		9,021
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		(165,317)		(156,799)
Net Utility Plant and Work in Progress		225,651		217,926
REGULATORY ASSETS		-		377
DEFERRED CHARGES AND OTHER ASSETS		63		67_
	_			
Total Assets	\$	421,670	\$	407,291

DAKOTA ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

		2024		2023
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	(in thousands))
CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	00.040	•	04.057
Accounts Payable	\$	29,043	\$	24,657
Prebilled Aid to Construction		8,528		-
Notes Payable		22,700		9,100
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		8,226		7,908
Current Portion of Finance Lease Obligation		233		542
Advanced Meter, Power Cost, and Property Tax Over-Recovery		4,219		13,731
Customer Security Deposits		844		728
Accrued Property and Other Taxes		5,458		5,322
Other Current Liabilities		10,080		9,427
Total Current Liabilities		89,331		71,415
LONG-TERM DEBT		134,401		132,627
LONG-TERM FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATION		555		203
POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION		3,269		4,003
DEFERRED CREDITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES		27		48
Total Liabilities		227,583		208,296
MEMBERS' EQUITY		194,087		198,995
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$	421,670	\$	407,291

DAKOTA ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024			2023
	(in thousands)			
NET SALES	\$	222,647	\$	219,868
COST OF SALES		160,624		155,661
GROSS MARGIN		62,023		64,207
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Labor and Related Benefits		29,727		26,371
Professional Fees and Services		8,221		6,753
Rebates and Marketing		1,127		1,184
Operations and Maintenance		3,632		3,834
Depreciation and Amortization		14,512		13,879
Property and Real Estate Taxes		3,371		3,262
Net Interest Expense		6,122		5,536
Other Expenses		617		850
Total Operating Expenses		67,329		61,669
NET OPERATING (LOSS) MARGIN		(5,306)		2,538
OTHER INCOME				
Interest Income		138		132
Capital Credits from GRE, CFC, CoBank, & Others		5,886		10,222
Other Income		165		59
Total Other Income		6,189		10,413
NET MARGIN	\$	883	\$	12,951

DAKOTA ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	P	atronage Capital		ner Equity	Total
		(ın ınou	sands)	
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2022	\$	160,114	\$	28,804	\$ 188,918
Net Margin 2023		12,951		-	12,951
Transfer to Other Equity		(723)		723	-
Capital Credits Retired		(3,354)		480	(2,874)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2023		168,988		30,007	198,995
Net Margin 2024		883		-	883
Transfer to Other Equity		(1,280)		1,280	-
Capital Credits Retired		(6,280)		489	 (5,791)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$	162,311	\$	31,776	\$ 194,087

DAKOTA ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024		2023	
		(in thou	(in thousands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Margin	\$	883	\$	12,951
Adjustments:				
Depreciation and Amortization		14,512		13,879
GRE, CFC, CoBank, and Other Capital Credit Allocations		(5,886)		(10,222)
Increase in Current Assets		(4,343)		(4,506)
Decrease in Other Assets		381		366
Increase in Current Liabilities Decrease in Other Liabilities		4,307		8,710
Net Cash from Operating Activities		(755) 9,099	-	(1,303) 19,875
Net Cash from Operating Activities		9,099		19,673
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Plant Additions, Net		(21,960)		(19,043)
GRE, CFC, CoBank, and Other Capital Credits Refunded		3,574		5,724
Net Funds Received from (Contributed to) Investments		15		(19)
Net Cash used for Investing Activities		(18,371)		(13,338)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		40.000		40.000
Loan Advances Received		10,000		10,000
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt		(7,908)		(8,777)
Principal Payments Finance Lease Obligations		(234)		(516)
Advances on Notes Payable		194,900		171,200
Principal Payments on Notes Payable Patronage Capital Retirements Paid		(181,300) (5,701)		(175,600)
Net Cash from (used for) Financing Activities		(5,791) 9,667		(2,874)
Net Cash hom (used for) I manding Activities		9,007	-	(0,307)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		395		(30)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		143		173
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	538_	\$	143
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash Paid for interest	\$	6,069	\$	5,600
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES		077	•	
Equipment Acquired Through Finance Leases	\$	277	\$	-

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Dakota Electric Association (Dakota Electric) is a 117,000-meter not-for-profit, memberowned electric distribution cooperative serving homes and businesses primarily in Dakota, Goodhue, Scott, and Rice Counties.

As a rate-regulated cooperative, Dakota Electric applies Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 980 Regulated Operations. The application of generally accepted accounting principles by Dakota Electric differs in certain respects from the application by nonregulated businesses as a result of applying ASC 980. Such differences generally relate to the time at which certain items enter into the determination of net margins in order to follow the principle of matching costs and revenues.

All disclosures and related footnotes are in dollars except were noted as in thousands.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying financial statements to maintain consistency between periods presented. The reclassifications had no impact on net margin or equity.

Regulation

Dakota Electric is subject to regulation by the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission (MPUC). Dakota Electric's accounting policies and the accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to rate-regulated enterprises and reflect the effects of the ratemaking process.

Property and Depreciation

Plant is recorded at original cost. The cost of additions to utility plant and replacement of retirement units of property are capitalized. Maintenance costs and replacements of minor items of property are charged to expense as incurred. Costs of depreciable units of utility plant retired are eliminated from the plant accounts. Such costs plus removal expenses less salvage are charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of Dakota Electric utility plant is computed using rates approved by the MPUC based on estimated useful lives of the various classes of property. In 2024 and 2023, provisions for depreciation approximated 3.77% and 3.72%, respectively, of the average original cost of depreciable property.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Dakota Electric considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Materials and Supplies

Materials and supplies are stated at average cost.

Investments in Associated Companies

Investments principally represent undistributed allocated margins of other cooperatives and investment certificates in the Cooperative Finance Corporation (CFC). Investments in associated companies, other than subordinate certificates, and other investments are accounted for as equity securities. Dakota Electric has determined that these investments do not have a readily determinable fair value. Investments in associated companies are recorded at Dakota Electric's share of allocated patronage capital and the other investments are recorded at cost. These investments are assessed for impairment, if any, and adjusted for changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer. Dakota Electric has not identified any impairments and there has not been observable price changes during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Capital term certificates are a condition of loans from the National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation, which is believed by management to have strong credit quality. Capital term certificates are debt securities and are accounted for at amortized cost, net of any impairment or allowances for credit losses. The allowance for credit losses is influenced by a variety of factors, including credit quality and general economic conditions. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, no allowance for credit losses was necessary.

Patronage Capital

Dakota Electric operates on a nonprofit basis. Amounts received from the furnishing of electric energy in excess of operating costs and expenses are assigned to members on a patronage basis. Other amounts received by Dakota Electric from its operations in excess of costs and expenses are either allocated to members on a patronage basis or included in other equity in accordance with the bylaws.

Sales Taxes

Dakota Electric has members in municipalities in which those governmental units impose a sales tax on certain sales. Dakota Electric collects those sales taxes from its members and remits the entire amount to the various governmental units. Dakota Electric's accounting policy is to exclude the tax collected and remitted from revenue and cost of sales.

Income Taxes

Dakota Electric is exempt from income taxes under Section 501 (c) (12) of the Internal Revenue Code and the State of Minnesota.

Dakota Electric undergoes an annual analysis of various tax positions, assessing the likelihood of those positions being upheld upon examination with relevant tax authorities, as defined by ASC 740-10. The unrecognized tax benefit accrual was zero as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Gain on RUS Buyout

In 1994 and 1995, Dakota Electric refinanced long-term debt payable to the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) with CFC. The early extinguishments resulted in gains of \$11.3 million, which are being amortized over the lives of the related CFC debt (24 and 32 years, respectively) using the sum of the year's digits method. Interest expense is net of amortization of \$20,000 and \$26,000 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject Dakota Electric to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of temporary cash investments and trade receivables. Dakota Electric invests excess cash with various high-quality financial institutions and, by policy, generally limits the amount of credit exposure to any one financial institution. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to Dakota Electric's large number of members and their dispersion across many industries. Dakota Electric does not obtain collateral to support trade receivables. Dakota Electric has not incurred and does not expect to incur significant credit losses.

Dakota Electric maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor, per insured bank, for each account ownership category. At December 31, 2024 and 2023 Dakota Electric had approximately \$653,000 and \$755,000, respectively, in excess of FDIC-insured limits.

Concentration of Sources of Labor

At December 31, 2024, Dakota Electric had collective bargaining agreements covering 96 employees which represented 49% of total full-time employees. The collective bargaining agreements will expire on December 31, 2026.

Prebilled Aid to Construction

As of December 31, 2024, Dakota Electric had a prebilled aid to construction balance of \$8,528,000. The balance reflects advances of member contributions for materials required for the construction of distribution plant dedicated to building the infrastructure needed to supply member energy requirements.

Subsequent Events

Dakota Electric has evaluated subsequent events through March 10, 2025, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES AND OTHER INVESTMENTS

		2024	2023		
0 45 5		(in thou	usands	5)	
Great River Energy Patronage Capital	\$	130,067	\$	128,207	
Cooperative Finance Corporation Capital Term Certificates -					
Maturities 2070 - 2080, Interest Rate 5.0% Loan Term Certificates -		1,419		1,419	
Maturities 2025 - 2030, Interest Rate 3.0% Loan Term Certificates -		440		440	
Maturities 2026 - 2044, Interest Rate 0.0% Member Capital Securities -		614		630	
Maturity 2044, Interest Rate 5.0%		1,000		1,000	
Patronage Capital		3,767		3,897	
		7,240		7,386	
Other Investments		3,439		2,856	
Total Investments in Associated Companies and Other Investments	¢	140 746	¢	120 440	
and Other investments	<u> </u>	140,746	<u>Ф</u>	138,449	

Investment in Great River Energy (GRE) represents undistributed allocated margins. Dakota Electric's share of annual GRE margins is generally based on the percentage of GRE's total power generation purchased by Dakota Electric. Under its wholesale power purchase agreement, Dakota Electric is committed to purchase at least 90% of its electric power requirements from GRE until December 31, 2055. The rates paid are subject to change annually.

Investments in CFC represent undistributed patronage capital allocated to Dakota Electric as well as loan and capital term certificates, and member capital securities. The certificates represent investments made pursuant to CFC borrowing requirements.

Other Investments represent undistributed patronage capital allocated to Dakota Electric from other lenders and vendors.

NOTE 3 REGULATORY ASSETS

The accounting standards for regulated operations (ASC 980) allow rate-regulated enterprises to recognize regulatory assets for costs incurred or accrued that have a probability of being collected in the future from customers, as required under regulation. During 2021, Dakota Electric recognized a regulatory asset of \$960,000 resulting from unrecovered and deferred costs related to meter replacements which were part of the Advanced Grid Infrastructure (AGI) project. There was amortization expense of \$377,000 and \$466,000 recognized in 2024 and 2023, respectively, and there was no remaining balance at December 31, 2024.

NOTE 4 PATRONAGE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY

Dakota Electric has covenants with its lenders that restrict the retirement of patronage capital. After retirement, the capital of Dakota Electric must equal at least 30% of its total assets. No distributions can be made if there is unpaid, when due, any installments of principal or interest on the notes.

Capital credit retirements for allocations from operating margins can be made upon request for estates, members reaching age 65, dissolved businesses, and members moving off-line after July 1, 1998. Patronage capital credits arising from prior years' margins or from GRE are retired as determined annually by the board of directors. As of December 31, 2024, capital credits from margins through 2006 have substantially been retired and capital credits from GRE have been retired through a portion of 2003.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM DEBT

	 2024		2023
	(in thousands)		
Cooperative Finance Corporation (CFC) mortgage notes 1.87% to 5.61%, due in quarterly installments through 2048	\$ 71,018	\$	75,343
CoBank mortgage notes 2.30% to 6.07%, due in monthly installments through 2054	71,609		65,192
Less Current Portion	142,627 (8,226)		140,535 (7,908)
Long-Term Debt	\$ 134,401	\$	132,627

Substantially all assets are pledged as security on the mortgage notes. There are certain notes that contain provisions for changing interest rates at specified future dates.

Dakota Electric's debt agreements contain various restrictive covenants. Management believes Dakota Electric was in compliance with all restrictive covenants as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. Dakota Electric has \$12,000,000 in unadvanced loans during December 31, 2024.

It is estimated that principal repayments on the above debt for the next five years, and thereafter, will be as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Total (in thousands)
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ 8,226 7,356 7,212 7,355 7,439
Thereafter	105,039 \$ 142,627

NOTE 6 LEASES

Dakota Electric leases certain equipment for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable finance lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2029. The agreements generally require Dakota Electric to pay for all related insurance and repairs.

The weighted-average discount rate is the cost of debt approved in Dakota Electric's most recent rate case which was 3.77% at December 31, 2024 and 2023. The weighted-average remaining lease term was 4.1 years and 2.6 years at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Dakota Electric has elected the short-term lease exemption for all leases with a term of 12 months or less for both existing and ongoing operating leases to not recognize the asset and liability for these leases. Lease payments for short-term leases are recognized on straight-line basis.

Dakota Electric has elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for equipment leases.

Total right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Lease Assets	Classification	Classification 2024 (in thou:		 2023
Finance right-of-use assets	Net Utility Plant and Work in Progress	\$	1,349	\$ 1,084
Lease Liabilities	Classification	_		
Current finance lease liabilities	Current Portion of Finance Lease Obligation	\$	233	\$ 542
Noncurrent finance lease liabilities	Long-term Finance Lease Obligation	\$	555	\$ 203
Total financing lease costs for the year ende	ed December 31, 2024 were as follows:			
Interest		\$	32	\$ 46
Amortization of right-of-use assets		\$	131	\$ 114
Cash paid for amounts included in measure	ment of lease liabilities were as follows:			
Operating cash flows from finance lease	s	\$	32	\$ 46
Financing cash flows from finance lease	s	\$	234	\$ 516

NOTE 6 LEASES (CONTINUED)

Future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Years Ending December 31,		nance eases
<u>-</u>	(in the	ousands)
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$	259 290 164 47 84
Total minimum lease payments		844
Less portion representing interest		(56)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	788

NOTE 7 NOTES PAYABLE (LINES OF CREDIT)

Dakota Electric has a \$30 million line of credit agreement with CoBank, which expires September 30, 2025 and is reviewed annually for subsequent renewal. Interest on the unpaid principal is payable monthly at rates established by CoBank on a weekly basis (5.69% at December 31, 2024). This is a committed line of credit with fees charged based on the unused balance. The committed line guarantees Dakota Electric access to funds under any economic condition. There were outstanding balances of \$22,700,000 and \$9,100,000 on this line of credit at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Dakota Electric has executed an as-offered uncommitted perpetual line of credit agreement providing Dakota Electric with short term loans of up to \$30 million on a revolving basis with CFC. Interest on unpaid principal is payable quarterly at rates established by CFC; this rate was 6.30% at December 31, 2024. There was no outstanding balance on this line of credit at December 31, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

NOTE 8 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	2024		2023
	 (in thousands		
Accrued Interest Accrued Payroll Accrued Sick Leave Accrued Vacation Unclaimed Capital Credits Other	\$ 774 922 1,253 2,122 5,009	\$	705 476 1,125 1,743 5,017 361
	\$ 10,080	\$	9,427

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS

A portion of the employees of Dakota Electric participate in the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) Retirement & Security Plan (RS Plan), a defined benefit pension plan qualified under section 401 and tax exempt under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. It is considered a multiemployer plan under the accounting standards. The plan sponsor's Employer Identification Number is 53-0116145 and the Plan Number is 333.

A unique characteristic of a multi-employer plan compared to a single employer plan is that all plan assets are available to pay benefits of any plan participant. Separate asset accounts are not maintained for participating employers. This means that assets contributed by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.

Dakota Electric makes contributions to the RS Plan equal to the amounts accrued for pension expense except for the periods when a moratorium on contributions has been in effect due to the plan reaching full funding limitations. Dakota Electric's contributions to the RS Plan in 2024 and in 2023 represented less than 5 percent of the total contributions made to the plan by all participating employers. Contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, were approximately \$1,879,000 and \$1,945,000, respectively. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2024 and 2023 contributions.

For the RS Plan, a "zone status" determination is not required, and therefore not determined, under the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006. In addition, the accumulated benefit obligations and plan assets are not determined or allocated separately by individual employer. In total, the RS Plan was over 80% funded on January 1, 2024 and January 1, 2023, based on the PPA funding target and PPA actuarial value of assets on those dates.

Because the provisions of the PPA do not apply to the RS Plan, funding improvement plans and surcharges are not applicable. Future contribution requirements are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation of the plan and may change as a result of plan experience.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Dakota Electric has defined contribution savings plans for employees who meet certain age and service requirements. Dakota Electric contributed between 4.0% and 10.0% in 2024 and 2023 of eligible employees' compensation. Savings plan company contributions for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, were approximately \$1,738,000 and \$1,466,000, respectively.

NOTE 10 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

Dakota Electric provides certain health care benefits for salaried and hourly retired employees. Employees may become eligible for these health care benefits after attaining specified age and service requirements prior to retiring from Dakota Electric.

Dakota Electric is required to disclose the following information according to Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 715 Compensation-Retirement Benefits in the notes to the financial statements.

The following table sets forth the plan's funded status reconciled with the obligation recognized in the accompanying balance sheet at December 31:

	 2024 (in thou	2023 sands)	
Change in Post-retirement Benefit Obligation Accumulated Post-retirement Benefit Obligation at Beginning of Year Net Periodic Benefit Costs Benefits Paid-Net of Retiree Contributions	\$ 4,003 (326) (408)	\$	5,281 (731) (547)
Accumulated Post-retirement Benefit Obligation at End of Year	 3,269		4,003
Change in Plan Assets Plan Assets at Beginning of Year Employer Contributions Benefits Paid-Net of Retiree Contributions	- 408 (408)		547 (547)
Plan Assets at End of Year	 		
Funded Status	 (3,269)		(4,003)
Net Post-retirement Benefit Obligation Recognized	\$ (3,269)	\$	(4,003)
Weighted Average Assumptions at December 31:			
Discount Rate	5.55%		5.03%

NOTE 10 POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Dakota Electric recognizes actuarial gains and losses in net periodic benefit costs annually. Components of net periodic benefit costs are as follows:

	2024		2023	
Service Cost Interest cost Actuarial Losses	23 18 (75	8	202 - (933)	
Net periodic benefit costs	\$ (32	<u>6)</u> \$	(731)	

For measurement purposes, a 4.5% and 5.19% annual rate of increase in per capita cost of health care benefits was assumed for 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Post-retirement benefit payments over the next 10 years are estimated to be as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Estimated Payments
	(in thousands)
2025	\$ 423
2026	348
2027	265
2028	240
2029	247
2030 - 2034	1,567

NOTE 11 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Dakota Electric's performance obligation related to the sale of energy is satisfied as energy is delivered to customers; therefore, revenue from the delivery of energy is recognized over time as energy is delivered to the customers. Rates charged to members are established by the board of directors and are subject to approval by the MPUC before becoming effective. Billings are rendered on a cycle basis and revenue is accrued for service provided but not yet billed. Electric rates include adjustment clauses, which bill or credit members for purchased power, conservation, and property tax costs above or below the base levels in rate schedules.

NOTE 11 REVENUE RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Dakota Electric's performance obligation related to electrical services are satisfied at the point in time when projects have been completed; therefore, revenue is recorded upon the completion of the service. Dakota Electric does not have any significant financing components related to contracts with customers as payment is received shortly after being billed to customers.

The following table depicts revenues by timing of revenue recognition and type of revenue for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively:

	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)			
Electric Revenues (Transferred Over Time) Other Revenues (Specific Point in Time)	\$	221,644 789	\$	219,047 649
Total Revenue from Contracts with Customers		222,433		219,696
Other Revenues (Outside the Scope of ASC 606)		214		172
Net Sales	\$	222,647	\$	219,868

NOTE 12 RECEIVABLES AND CREDIT POLICY

Dakota Electric's revenue contracts provide it with the unconditional right to consideration upon delivery of electricity to its customers; therefore, a receivable is recognized in the period Dakota Electric provides energy to its customers. The unconditional right to consideration is represented by contract receivables which are presented on the balance sheet as accounts receivable which includes unbilled revenues.

Trade receivables are uncollateralized member obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 25 days from the billing date. Unpaid trade receivables with dates over 30 days old are assessed a \$1 late fee or interest at 1.5% of the unpaid balance, whichever is greater. Payments on trade and notes receivable are allocated to the earliest unpaid billings. The carrying amounts of trade and notes receivable are reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amount that will not be collected. Management reviews all trade and notes receivable balances periodically and adjusts the allowance accounts based on current economic conditions and past experience. Dakota Electric sells its products to a broad range of customers throughout Dakota, Goodhue, Scott, and Rice counties. Dakota Electric has tracked historical loss information for its trade receivables and compiled historical credit loss percentages for different aging categories (current, 1–30 days past due, 31–60 days past due, 61–90 days past due, and more than 90 days past due).

NOTE 12 RECEIVABLES AND CREDIT POLICY (CONTINUED)

Management believes that the historical loss information it has compiled is a reasonable base on which to determine expected credit losses for trade receivables held at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 because the composition of the trade receivables at those dates are consistent with that used in developing the historical credit-loss percentages (i.e., the similar risk characteristics of its customers). Additionally, management has determined that the current, reasonable, and supportable forecasted economic conditions are consistent with the economic conditions included in the historical information. As a result, the historical loss rates have not been adjusted for differences in current conditions or forecasted changes. Accordingly, the allowance for credit losses at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 totaled \$1,000,000 and \$1,100,000, respectively.

Changes in the allowance for credit losses for receivables are as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2024		2023	
	 (in thousands)			
Opening Allowance for Credit Losses Provision for Credit Losses Charge-offs Recoveries	\$ 1,100 469 (815) 246	\$	1,200 744 (1,015) 171	
Ending Allowance for Credit Losses	\$ 1,000	\$	1,100	

The beginning and ending balances for accounts receivable including unbilled revenues, net of allowances for credit losses, and contract liabilities were as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Dece	ember 31, 2024	December 31, 2023 (in thousands)		January 1, 2023	
Billed Unbilled	\$	30,585 9,045	\$	23,065 10,461	\$	26,787 3,998
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	39,630	\$	33,526	\$	30,785
Customer Deposits	\$	844	\$	728	\$	563

NOTE 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Dakota Electric is a member of and purchases its wholesale power from Great River Energy. The following is a summary of material transactions with Great River Energy for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)			s)
Purchase of Wholesale Power	\$	159,073	\$	155,365
Accounts Receivable	\$	23	\$	36
Accounts Payable for Purchased Power	\$	23,671	\$	21,790
Capital Credit Allocation	\$	4,908	\$	9,690
Capital Credits Refunded	\$	3,048	\$	5,326
Accumulated Investment in Patronage Capital	\$	130,067	\$	128,207